

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XVII, No. 4

EMPRESS, ALTA, THURSDAY, June 27, 1929

Price \$2.00 Per Year.

United Church

The Church School, 10.30 a.m.
Worship, 11.30 a.m.
Worship, 1.30 p.m.
U.F.A. Services will be held at:
Leland, 3.30 p.m.
School Plains, 7.30 p.m.
We invite you to come and worship God with us.
Rev. Geo. A. Shedd, Minister.

Summer Time

"Mother" cried little Mary, as she rushed into the farmhouse they were visiting, "Johnny wants the Listerine. He's just gotten the cutest little black and white animal, and he thinks it's got halitosis!"

NOTICE

Be application for Road Allowance made, notice is hereby given that the numbers of the land affected by the same applied for are: North Sec. 10, 11 and 12, Tp. 42, R. 2, S. 24, 25 and 26, Tp. 47, R. 1, S. 40.

Signed, J. D. Rogers,
Sec. Parks Grazing Association.

Sale and Redemption of Impounded Animals

Notice is hereby given under Section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that on June 27, 1929, Grey Percheron Mare, branded on left shoulder, X, right hind foot white, was impounded in the pound kept by J. R. Rodford, Acadia Valley, located on the S.W. 31/24, West 4th, on Wednesdays, the 26th day of May, A.D. 1929, and that the said animal was sold on the 26th day of June 1929, to G. Harrison, of Glenora, and that the said animal may be redeemed by the owner or his behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in the Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the Municipality and the purchaser of said animal.

For information apply to the undersigned.
D. M. GRAHAM,
Sec. Treas. of the Municipality of Acadia No. 241,
Post Office, Acadia Valley, Alta.

The Empress BAKERY

Get Your Bread, Cakes and Pastry from us.

Town Deliveries made if required.

MURRAY
The Baker

Waterman's Fountain Pens

We have a Most Complete Range-A Pen for every need. Come in and select the one best suited to your requirements. Pen-nibs are renewable and easily told by the brand-mark on the pen.

EMPRESS DRUG CO.

Floral agents for: South Coonart, Medicine Hat, Calgary, Saskatoon and Edmonton, Alberta. We order from the best point.



Screen
Doors

and SCREEN WINDOWS in all sizes. Call and see us before buying.

Call and See our PLAN BOOKS before building, they are sure to please you
PHONE 58

The Empress Lumber Yards
J. N. ANDERSON, prop.

Celebrates Her Seventy-third Birthday

On Tuesday afternoon, June 25, a number of ladies gathered at the home of Mrs. I. Bowler, to congratulate her mother on her seventy-third birthday. A very pleasant social time was spent, and dainty refreshments were served by Mrs. Bowler.

Advocates Mixed Farming

Speaking to a farmers' gathering at the Rotary luncheon in Drumheller, E. L. Gray, of the department of agriculture, told the audience that they would have to arrange things for the next few years to combat the downward price of wheat, and that the farmer was now facing critical conditions on account of the downward price of wheat values.

"The man who can cut down the production cost to meet the price is the man who will make good," stated Mr. Gray. "Quoting statistics based on cost of production in Montana, and which compared favorably with Alberta, the speaker stated that 2 per cent of the farms could produce wheat at 60c, a bushel, 45 per cent at 70c, 22 per cent at \$1.06, 17 per cent at 1.37, 9 per cent at 1.61, 3 per cent at 1.90, 2 per cent at 2.10, and 3 per cent at 3.07. All phases of expenditure were taken in for cost of production. The speaker advocated mixed farming, and stated that many farmers were now keeping sheep, which were found very helpful to keep down the weed menace, continual grazing by the sheep during the growth of the weeds, eventually destroying them. This alone would be a big saving for the farmer, he stated, as much was spent on cost of weeds.

"Any farmer who has an aggressive livestock policy will not be buying chemicals, and most grain farmers will have to come to sheep for weeds to cut down costs," said the speaker.

An error was made in the printing of the Special Prize in the Prize list for the Fair; No. 42 instead of Crooks will be supplied. It should read, "No Crooks supplied." From the Alaska News.

He also heard many other strange and weird stories which were unfolded in the picture as it pursues its course.

Bee-keeping Demonstration At Wm. Rowles Farm

In request for a bee-keeping demonstration at Empress, Mr. Wm. Rowles has received the following letter from Mr. R. M. Pugh, provincial apiarist:

Regina, June 21st, 1929.

Dear Sir—

In reply to your recent letter regarding a bee-keeping demonstration near Empress, we will be in your district during the second week in July, and will be able to hold a demonstration in your apiary, or such other one as may be suitable to the bee-keepers of your district on Monday, July 8th.

These demonstrations are usually held in the afternoon, about 2.30 or 3 o'clock.

Please advise us immediately if this will be satisfactory to you. If it is, we will depend on you to notify as many bee-keepers in your locality as possible to insure that a fair number are present.

Yours very truly,
R. M. Pugh,
Provincial Apiarist
Wm. Rowles, Esq.,
Empress, Alta.

Tibet Is Scene Of "Devil Dancer"

Mysterious lamaseries, the savage desert of Tibet; the hill stations of the Himalayas; the dust-laden plains of India; Delhi, the old mogul capital; match houses and narrow streets thronging with colorful native life. A wonderful background and mood for a sensational story—yet, where have you ever seen it?

Several years ago a young man went into Tibet with an expedition as far as Gyantse, which is almost halfway to the forbidden city of Lhasa. While there he acquired an intimate knowledge of the customs and manners of these strange people; and he also heard a story which gave him an idea for a motion picture.

On a visit to Phari, a Tibetan town near the Indian border, he was told of a hideous monster, inhabited by demons of the Black Sect, where many weird startling rites were practiced. As a rule, all the Tibetans were made. But in this monastery there was supposed to be a girl called a demon, who danced before the gods in the temple. This dance symbolized the spirit of death, and at special dances, such as those inaugurating a Great Lama, or during the Tibetan New Year, she performed.

He also heard many other strange and weird stories which were unfolded in the picture as it pursues its course.

Weather Conditions Poor At Mayfield's Picnic

A large number from town attended the picnic at Mayfield, on Wednesday. The weather there was cold and threatening, but very little rain fell. In the ball games Empress was defeated by Acadia Valley, 10-8; the Alaska team taking first money. Field sports and other events filled in the program. A dance at night rounded out the day's activities. The Empress orchestra rendering the music. The weather conditions had a retarding effect on the enjoyment of the day's doings, and undoubtedly affected the attendance to some extent.

Crop Management For Weed Control

A thorough summer fallow will usually be found the most effective method of bringing the most persistent growing perennial weeds under control. When it is necessary to resort to the summer fallow as a weed control measure, it is advisable to adopt some systematic rotation of crops, with regular seedling down to grass and legumes at short intervals.

Many farmers feel that they can afford to give their land a rest from many seasons, but will not give a crop of some kind. While the eradication of perennial weeds such as sow thistle, quack grass, etc., necessitates the use of the fallow, such treatment does not free the land from many annual weeds such as wild oats, mustard, or stink weed, hence it is necessary from an economic standpoint to adopt farming methods that control rather than eradicate such weeds.

Land that is badly polluted with perennial weeds will produce an excellent crop of winter wheat or rye. Both of these crops set as smother crops for all types of weeds if they get a good start in the fall and do not winter kill.

Barley and oat green feed if handled properly will effectively smother against most of our annual weeds and many perennials. Land to be used for these crops should be partially fallowed before seeding. It is usually wise to disc the stub, or a week or so before ploughing and then promote germination of weed seeds which matured with the preceding crop and fall on the ground.

A succession of such crops and treatments tends to reduce the weed seed content of the soil. Seeding down to grass and legumes and cutting the hay crop early will prevent most kinds of weeds from ripening, thus decreasing the number of vital weed seeds in the sub-surface soil from year to year. Alfalfa and sweet clover are the best crops to use for this purpose.

Live stock and particularly (cont. back page)

Large Congregation Attend Business Men's Service

Pleasing comment was heard in regard to the men's choir at the morning service of the United Church, last Sunday. It was a business men's service, and a substantial increase in the size of the congregation was noted. Mr. Acton was the pastor.

Summer Heat And The Baby

It is 85 in the shade as this is being written with every prospect of being warmer. Half an hour ago a young mother was giving her baby an airing in his buggy. Mister baby was far from happy and didn't mind letting every one know it.

Mother was dressed in a cool white sleeveless dress and wearing a shady hat. Baby was wearing a hot woolen, close-fitting hood tied under his protesting little chin. He was tucked tightly into the buggy with several layers of blanket and on top of that a nice warm woolly shawl, and although they could not be seen, it is almost certain he was wearing woolen stockings. Comparing mother's warm day outfit with baby's, is it any wonder his protests were loud and long?

Baby feels the heat just as much as Mother does and suffers more because he cannot make himself comfortable. He has to sit until some one else thinks to do it.

In the summer heat baby's clothes should be the mini-

Anglican Services

St. Mary's Anglican Church, Empress.
E. A. Torrance, Incumbent.
June 30th, Trinity V.
Empress, no service.
Mayfield Hall
11 a.m., Mattins and Sermon.

This Sunday, June 30th, an open air service will be held at Louden's Ferry north of Prater of the parishes of Empress, Estuary, Prelate, Sceptre and Portreeve. Evensong will be sung at 2 p.m., after which will be a get-aquainted hour. All are requested to bring their lunch, cups, etc., tea will be made by the ladies of Sceptre. Will all Anglicans put forth a special effort to attend this service.

Result. If a Mother has any doubt, let her slip her hand in baby's clothes, and if the little body feels moist then he is too warm. Clothes lightly and cover lightly so that the air may circulate freely over his skin. This keeps him cool. Give him cooled boiled water between feeds. He gets thirsty too during hot days.

Do these things and a happy contented baby will be the result.
For "Summer care of babies" send to the Canadian Red Cross Society, 407 Civic Block, Edmonton, Alta.

Frost was reported at several places the morning of the 24th. One or two farmers in this district are said to have had garden stuff frosted.



NOT only is Pontiac a BIG Six, with the power which you would expect a Big Six to possess, but this power is always under the immediate and easy control of the driver. Touch the accelerator and the great surge of power from Pontiac's Big dynamically-balanced Six-cylinder engine, as developed by the famous GMR high-compression head, whisks you out in front of the traffic line. Touch the brake pedal, and instantly Pontiac's big, internally-expanding, protected brakes bring you to a smooth, silent stop. Take a trial ride in Pontiac and discover for yourself that Big Six quality, beauty and performance have definitely entered the low-priced field.

PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED
PONTIAC
Big Six
STOREY'S GARAGE
Empress, Alta.

A Sensation In The Auto World

The Ford Town Sedan

Now On Display

See It. RIDE IN IT. Feel The Pleasure of Riding in the Best.

¶ We will be glad to give you a demonstration.

N. D. STOREY
The Ford Man

IT'S BETTER BECAUSE IT'S CANADIAN

Manitoba May Now Receive Return Of Natural Resources

Ottawa.—The report of the Manitoba Natural Resources Commission has been received by Premier King and will be tabled in the House of Commons this week. In the meantime the report will be considered by the government.

Pending the tabling of the report there is no official information as to its contents, but it is learned of reliable authority that the three commissioners, Mr. Justice Turgeon, Hon. T. A. Cregar and C. M. Bowring, have recommended that Manitoba be given the unsalinated resources, and that as compensation for the alienations which have been made by the federal government since 1870, when the province was created, the province shall be given a lump sum of approximately \$2,000,000, and the present subsidy with statutory increases, shall be paid in perpetuity.

The subsidy now paid in lieu of resources is \$562,500 per annum, which represents 1½ per cent. of the capital sum of \$37,500,000. A similar settlement was arrived at in the case of Manitoba in 1912, it was decided that the area within the province should be deemed to be 25,000,000 acres, and that this land should be valued at \$150 per acre. This created a capital value of \$3,750,000,000 on which the federal government was to pay a subsidy in proportion to the population, and beginning 1 per cent. which would be \$37,500,000 and gradually increasing as the population increased until finally it reached in excess of \$1,000,000 per annum.

The present rate of interest paid to Manitoba is 1½ per cent., where as Saskatchewan, with a greater population, receives \$750,000.

His Majesty Suffers Relapse

Public Is Worried Over News Regarding Condition of King George.

London, England.—Somewhat assuring news as to the condition of King George, who was learned to be again confined to bed and suffering from an attack of fever, was obtained from Windsor Castle.

The shock caused by the news that His Majesty had suffered a relapse, was two-fold. This came first from the gravity of the King's malady. England's is considered a dangerous disease, particularly apt to strike a sudden mortal blow. Very few persons have died of His Majesty had suffered a relapse. The fact was not public in London and the voting in the general elections had been distracted and absorbed the attention of every one in England.

Y.M.C.A. Convention

Toronto.—Many eastern delegates will attend the National Young Women's Christian Association convention at Banff, Alta., June 10 to 15. Many delegates will go from Montreal and Toronto.

Estimates Approved

Ottawa.—After a somewhat tempestuous passage, all estimates of the department of immigration have been finally approved by the supply committee of the House of Commons.

Crowds Make Merry On London Streets During Night Of Elections

London, England.—Hundreds of thousands of Londoners kept watch the small hours of the morning as the fatal figures shined on hundreds of light screens and electric signs.

In Piccadilly Circus, Trafalgar Square and other famous centers of London, the jostling crowds took on a carnival appearance. Vendors of vari-colored toy balloons elbowed men in evening clothes, while male celebrants waited along the sidewalks to the noisy music of the election night, manhandling a women's coats and hats.

Tops of the buses were crowded with people out to see the spectacle, and apparently careless of the fact that they were not getting anywhere in the tremendous traffic blockades. Lower tiered street by sidewalk

Sewer Gas Explosion Causes Much Damage

One Person Believed Fatally Injured When Blast Rocks Ottawa

Ottawa.—Explosions of sewer gas in four parts of the city caused probably fatal injuries to one and hurt a number of others, at the same time destroying considerable property where the blasts were most severe.

There was panic in several sections when the booming of the explosions, accompanied by leaping fountains of flame and water, shook dwellings and rattled the windows of houses and office buildings. Women and children ran screaming from their homes.

In the streets, man-hole covers were thrown into the air a height of 50 or 60 feet. Confusion reigned. Fire alarms brought apparatus to scout fires, and patrol where there was confusion from any outbreak.

St. Martin's Reformed Episcopal Church, built in 1870, and a landmark in the Sandy Hill district, was shattered into wreckage as though it had been blasted by high explosives.

Several stores in its vicinity were damaged by the explosion, but persons in the buildings were not badly hurt. The total British and foreign investments in Canada at the time noted amounted to \$5,742,043,000, the balance of \$267,740,000 coming from alien countries other than the United States.

Saskatchewan Men In Marathon Swim

Two Have Entered Names In Fourth Wigley Event

Saskatoon, Sask.—Saskatchewan will be entered in the fourth Wigley swim marathon to be held in connection with the Toronto exhibition, on August 28. Saskatchewan's entry in this world-famous event will be Jack Smyth, of 211 Sixth Street, who has already forwarded his entry to the officials at Toronto. Prince Albert will be represented in the same event by H. Houghton. Smyth and Houghton will train at Prince Albert National Park. They intend establishing training quarters there at once.

To Conduct Prosecution

Prince Rupert, B.C.—E. P. Jones, of this city, has received instructions from Ottawa to conduct in Vancouver the prosecution of the four United States salmon trawlers seized recently at Goose Harbor.

Will Pilot Giant Dirigible



Major G. H. Scott, chosen by the British government to pilot the great R-100 on its maiden voyage to Canada.

Working For World Peace

Saskatchewan Will Hold Provincial Conference On June 28, At Saskatoon

Saskatoon.—With a dominion peace conference as objective, provincial conferences are being organized in Saskatchewan, joining in the movement by arranging a gathering at the University of Saskatchewan, on June 28. This was decided at a meeting called by Mrs. H. Johnston, president of the United Farm Women of Saskatchewan, and attended by representatives from all organizations in the province working for world peace. The date was chosen to accommodate the large number who will be in Saskatoon for rural women's conventions covering not only the province but the whole of the Dominion, represented in the Women's Institutes.

Capital Invested In Canada

Canadians Own Over Half Of Securities In Dominion

Ottawa.—Canadians own from 55 per cent. to 65 per cent. of the securities of all enterprises located on Canadian soil. British investment in Canada at the beginning of 1928 was two-thirds that of United States investments in this country, or \$2,298,517,000, as compared with \$3,286,786,000.

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Unemployed In Britain

London.—The number of unemployed in Great Britain on May 13 totalled 1,204,700 persons, a decrease of 28,000 under the previous week. It was officially announced here. The number was also 13,800 below the unemployment figures of May 13, 1928.

The Bull Dog Breed

Winnipeg.—Frederick W. McNeill, 47, for a score of years a mining prospector and promoter in Manitoba, is dead as a result of heart failure. He was discovered to have succumbed in his hotel room.



Feet squarely planted on the deck of a Canada-bound liner, this young Bull Terrier regularly shags a left shoulder to the photographer. Member of an agricultural family coming forward under the auspices of the Department of Colonization and Development, Canadian Pacific Railway, he looks forward to a rambling, healthy life in Canada. Thanks to the Ashken scheme.

Amended Bill Is Passed By Committee

Would Make Divorce Much Easier For Deserted Wives

Ottawa.—An amendment to the bill respecting the domicile of married women, although opposed by a large section of the house, passed when Parliament went into committee to consider the bill. The amendment makes it possible for a woman, deserted by her husband and left living alone for two years, to establish her domicile in any province of Canada where a divorce court exists for the purpose of obtaining divorce.

The bill, as amended, passed the committee stage and now stands for third reading. The amendment was passed by a vote of 36 to 28.

During the debate, Hon. Ernest Lapointe, minister of justice, declared that conditions in Canada would be worse than in Reno if the bill as amended became law. In Reno, a person desiring to obtain a divorce was required to wait three months before taking proceedings. Under the bill before the house, such persons could go to a province where a divorce court existed and begin proceedings immediately.

Hon. H. J. Bennett, Conservative leader, pointed out that a woman wishing to obtain a divorce must establish her domicile to the satisfaction of the court.

Work May Be Delayed

Forest Fires and Snow Interfering With Work On Bay Line

Ottawa.—Forest fires to the south and heavy snowfalls to the north have seriously interfered with the completion of the Hudson Bay Railway to Port Churchill, with the result that it is now doubtful if it can be completed this summer.

Hon. Charles Dunning, speaking of the situation, said that the fire and storms had delayed the work very considerably. In fact, a full month had been lost. This, however, would not have any effect upon the opening of the route, he intimated, as the railway was well in advance of the port development and the installation of aids to navigation in the strait. Every effort will be made to recover the lost time and it is expected that rapid progress will be made in the next few months.

To Cross Continent In Buggy

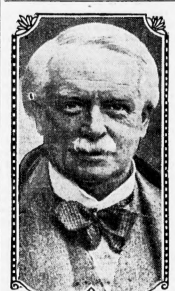
Stockbridge, Mass.—Russell Beck, with his no use for automobiles, so he will set out on a trip with a horse and buggy that will eventually take him to British Columbia. Mr. Beckwith has leased his farm here and leaves to visit a brother in Connecticut. He also will go to Pennsylvania for a visit before heading for British Columbia.

Mining Prospector Dead

Winnipeg.—Frederick W. McNeill, 47, for a score of years a mining prospector and promoter in Manitoba, is dead as a result of heart failure. He was discovered to have succumbed in his hotel room.

New Parliament In Britain Controlled By Lloyd George

HOLDS BALANCE OF POWER



Right Hon. David Lloyd George

Many Press Delegates Going To Conference

Canada Is Sending Twenty To England Next Year

Montreal.—J. H. Woods, managing editor of the Calgary Herald, and chairman of the Canadian Division of the British Empire Press Union, accompanied by his wife, sailed from this port en route to London, England, where he will make arrangements for the Canadian contingent of press delegates to the Imperial Press Conference next year.

"Canada will be sending 20 delegates to represent the 60 members of the Union in Canada," said Mr. Woods. "This is the largest representation of any part of the Empire with the exception of the British Isles."

Heat takes Heavy Toll

United States Suffers Casualties From Atlantic To Rocky Mountains

Chicago, Ill.—Hot, summer storms and floods in widely separated parts of the United States have taken a toll of 31 lives.

From the Atlantic seaboard to the Rocky Mountains, the country was sweltering under a blanket of steam which caused numerous prostrations. Many drownings were reported from regions where the sudden heat waves had driven people into lakes and rivers still chilled by a cold spring.

In Texas summer rains had sent streams out of their banks and seven persons were reported to have lost their lives in the high waters.

Rebels Kill Ambassador

Constantinople.—Authoritative information has reached Ankara from Afghanistan, stating that Afghan rebels captured and killed Ghuilum Dilelani, Afghan ambassador to Turkey who was recalled by former King Amanullah to aid in the fight against the rebels. The report said that Ghuilum was tortured to death.

Principles Involved In Election Act Amendments Explained In House

Ottawa.—Hon. Lucien Cannon, solicitor-general of Canada, explained to the House of Commons the two principles involved in the amendments recommended by the special standing committee which, during the present session, has investigated the Dominion Elections Act. These amendments were before the House for approval.

The first radical change recommended by the committee was for the appointment of returning officers by the chief electoral officer for the Dominion. In the past returning officers all across Canada had been appointed by the local authorities.

The second principle requiring change, according to the recommendations, was in the compilation of federal voters' lists from provincial lists. The recommendations contained in the amendment urged that in

London, Eng.—The Labor party has the largest group in the new parliament, but is short of a clear majority. If elected returns with 9 seats still undecided, gave the standing as follows:

Conservatives, 251.
Labor, 287.
Liberals, 57.
Independents, 4.
Nationalists, 3.
Prohibitionists, 1.
In doubt, 9.
Total, 610.

This leaves Labor with 32 seats less than the combined total of the other parties.

The Conservatives, however, had pulled up the largest popular vote. The totals were:

Conservatives, 8,506,224.
Labor, 7,219,240.
Liberals, 5,178,378.
Independents, 251,448.
Communist, 56,644.
Total, 22,275,880.

Women candidates polled 745,107 votes.

London, England.—Commenting that the Liberals apparently held the balance in the next parliament, Right Hon. David Lloyd George, Liberal leader, said on his arrival in London:

"That is a very responsible position and we fully realize it, and you can depend on it we shall make no unfair use of it. A strict King's government must be carried on, and in the present state of the country it is essential that it should be steady."

"We shall certainly bear that in mind in any course we shall decide upon."

In some quarters a new general election next autumn was envisaged, in the event of the Liberals' victory. Although many Conservatives and Liberals spoke of a Conservative-Liberal coalition against Labor, during the campaign, it seemed more probable that the Liberals would incline towards the Labor party, if it inclines towards unity, and perhaps on the same terms as in 1922.

Several Liberals on the "left wing" of the party went over to Labor during the last years since the 1924 election. Commander J. M. Kenworthy is a prominent example. Labor might draw enough support from this element in the Liberal party to govern with stability, in the opinion of some political observers.

A Reciprocal Visit

Australians Invite Canadian Boys To Make Return Tour

Victoria.—"We are leaving Canada with the hope that a reciprocal visit to Australia will be arranged for Canadian boys." Major John J. Stanger, president of the Young Australia League, stated prior to embarking on the liner "Aorangi" homeward bound.

"We have had a wonderful tour, and its success has greatly exceeded our expectations," he added.

The aim of the League in fostering these tours, Major Stanger said, was to create better understanding between the English-speaking peoples of the world, and in this, he thought, the League had been in a large measure successful.

Principles Involved In Election Act Amendments Explained In House

urban centers enumerators be appointed to compile permanent federal voters' lists. This practical plan would save much expense and trouble and would enable inaccuracies to be eradicated, the committee agreed. Mr. Cannon pointed out.

It was the hope of the committee, Mr. Cannon said, that the amendments might be elected during this present session since they would require some time to be put to practical use. The bill was given second reading for the first time, and considered in detail in committee.

Mr. Cannon pointed out that the amendments provided for in the bill would apply at the next general election. It was the opinion of the committee that they should not apply at the next general election. The amendments would be held before the next general election.

Home Life Of Western Canada

Great Improvement Is Shown Within Recent Years

The progress of the Indians on reserves in the three Prairie Provinces towards a position of self-support and independence is one of the gratifying features of the work of the Department of Indian Affairs. In farming and cattle raising these wards of the Government have made great gains in the last few years, scored conspicuous success and the prosperous conditions prevailing on western reserves are reflected in the improved mode of living. New houses are springing up at all the reserves at the annual rate of from 350 to 400. These are of log and frame construction with at least six windows providing ample light and ventilation. Well kept lawns are laid out near many of these homes while milk cows, flocks of poultry, and pigs are not uncommon sights in the backyards.

The improvement in home life on the reserves is due in a large measure to the training received by the young Indian women in the boarding schools maintained by the Department. These they learn, among other things, the principles of domestic science and hygiene and the importance of cleanliness. It has been a difficult matter to make the Indians realize the value of milk as a food for themselves and their children, and to get them to milk their cows. However, a gradual change has taken place in their attitude. An increasing number of cows are being milked and milk, cream and butter are in use in Indian homes. The development of gardening is another gratifying feature of the progress and last year nearly 250 acres were sown to vegetables.

In the matter of hygiene, the Department of Indian Affairs has made every effort to encourage good practice. Where the wives and mothers are school graduates, the value of sanitary conditions is fully realized, and among the older Indian women, the work of the travelling nurses and field matrons is gradually bearing fruit. Four travelling nurses are constantly on the road visiting Indian homes on the various reserves in the West, instructing the women how to live and how to care for their children. This service is supplemented by the work of a staff of field matrons who make frequent visits to give any advice and assistance needed by the native women.

The care of the aged is also a particular responsibility of the Department, and officers on the reserves provide food, clothing, and homes for indigent members of the tribe. During the last three years the policy of the Department has been to encourage as many old Indians as possible to live in temperate climates during the summer. The temples are usually large and well ventilated and the old Indians are greatly benefited in health by this practice of living in these airy, summer habitations.

Says Earth's Interior Sea Of Liquid Glass

Geologist Puts Temperature Over 50,000 Degrees Centigrade

Now comes Professor Dooly, of Harvard, geologist, and tells the world that the interior of the earth "is a sea of dense liquid glass," hotter than the infernal regions under a pressure of 50,000,000 pounds to the square inch. To be exact he puts the temperature down there at more than 50,000 degrees centigrade. He says the earth's crust is "some thirty miles deep." Under this is granite on top of basalt, and yet lower is material not unlike the granite iron found in meteorites. Then comes the liquid glass from center of the earth to one-half its radius. If even that turns liquid under the pressure there'll be the greatest erupt from the world's surface on record.



"Clear, come down and don't keep me waiting up there," he said, "I'm not moving. I am only enjoying that I didn't pay the car hire."—Flegende Blätter, Munich.

W. N. U. 1758

Summer Fallow Substitutes In Saskatchewan

No Substitutes Have Yet Been Found To Equal Fallow System

The summer fallow continues to provide the best preparation for a full crop of wheat in Southwestern Saskatchewan. At the Swift Current Experiment Station, various fallow substitutes have been tried but none have equalled the fallow system. Of the various substitutes crops used, potatoes and corn were the best. Wheat following these crops has been about 5 bushels per acre less at the Swift Current Station than on fallow. When cereals in rows were substituted for fallow the result has been a wheat yield the next year was about 10 per cent less than on fallow. When cereals in rows were substituted for fallow the yield secured from spring ploughed wheat stubble. The superintendent of the station observes in his report for last year, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, that it would appear that cereals grown in cultivated rows use moisture to about the same extent as ordinary seeding of the same cereal. Another point of considerable importance is that it has been found impossible, without hand labour, to keep row crops free of weeds, thus losing an important advantage of a clean fallow. In destroying weeds, Swiss potatoes and corn cannot be grown on any large acreage for economic reasons the conclusion was reached and stated in the report that any considerable substitution of row crops for fallow is not sound practice for southwestern Saskatchewan at the present time.

Success With Buffalo Herds Continue To Multiply In Various Parks

A gratifying feature of Canada's adventure in bringing back the buffalo is the way in which the different herds continue to multiply and to expand beyond the grazing capacity of their enclosures. The case of the main herd at Watnig, Alberta, in which there was an increase from about 700 head to 17,000 head has often been cited. In 1928, of the herd in Elk Island Park, 200 were slaughtered and their carcasses skinned and disposed of, to relieve the growing congestion there. The buffalo in Buffalo National Park, at Watnig, Alberta, are not disposed to be sociable and visitous are warned against any efforts towards making friends. Only one buffalo in the park permits intimacy. This is "Ole," a splendid young bull who has become used to being fed out of a small black pail and will now approach the moment he sees this object.

"My hardest proposition isn't earning my keep," said Ole.

"No?"

"It's keeping what I earn."

Switzerland a Busy Country

Can Hold Its Own With More Favored Competitors

Switzerland, the great holiday resort of Europe, is a small landlocked country, without direct access to the sea, and cannot be compared to its larger neighbors in regard to the scale of its particular problems or its method of handling these. But it has shown remarkable genius in the way of concentrating its industries, and in devising ways and means of overcoming its commercial handicaps. The Swiss can hold their own with their more favored competitors in most lines of big business they undertake to tackle, and the Canadian Trade Commissioner, in a report published in the Canadian Intelligence Journal, pointed out that Switzerland conducts business on a large scale and has many highly capitalized corporations.

In 1926, the Swiss textile industry by 402 manufacturing companies was 8.04 per cent, while during the same period the average for all undertakings was 7.1 per cent. The high bluff policy which most countries adopted after the war saved a certain transference of Swiss industry abroad and many branch factories are now operating in foreign countries. The domestic market is small and restricted, and hence the bulk of the manufactures must be exported.

The secret of industrial success in Switzerland lies in the fact that the tendency is towards a high degree of specialization, backed by well-paid and highly skilled and intelligent labor. The chief industries are textile, silk manufacturing, cotton and embroidery manufacturing, machinery and metal industry, chemical and dye industry, and the watch making industry, and the people are thrifty, industrious, painstaking and clever.

An All-Night Session

"Yesterday, said Jabson, 'I refused to go to a woman's request for a small sum of money, and in consequence of my net I passed a sleepless night. The tones of her voice kept ringing in my ears the whole time.'"

"Your softness of heart does you credit," said Mabson. "Who was the woman?"

"My wife."

Specific Orders

Father had been in the habit of warning his little daughter regarding her conduct as she left home.

"One morning he kissed the child and said:

"Now be a good little girl."

"With an expectant smile, she asked:

"And don't what?"

Ground Must Be Clear

Thorough Cultivation Should Precede Sowing Says Expert

The use of Government tested high-grade clean seed grain from a reliable source is always to be recommended, according to W. H. Wright, of the Dominion Seed Branch, but this alone, this official states, is not sufficient in order to keep the farm clean. Official cultivation must precede sowing in order to kill those weeds, grasses and roots of which have wintered over in the ground, and where clover, alfalfa or timothy is being sown with the grain, it is also essential to have this cleaned up too. Mr. Wright urges the buying of tested, Government-graded seed. Get where a farmer is using his own he is urged to get it tested, before sowing, in the nearest Government laboratory. These are located at Calgary, Saskatoon, Winnipeg, Toronto, Ottawa, and Quebec City, and up to three samples may be tested for free. The use of grain, with a nominal charge on additional samples. Clean high-grade grain will give a yield of from five to fifteen per cent, more than ordinary unclean seed, but it will not keep the farm clean unless the other two conditions mentioned are carried out.

Achieve True Success Those Who Leave World Better Than They Found It

He has achieved success who has lived well, laughed often and loved much; who has gained the respect of his fellow men and the love of little children; who has fitted his niche in the world, who has not been found it, whether by an improved poppy, a perfect poem, or a rescued soul; who has never lacked appreciation of earth's beauty or failed to express it; who has always looked for the best in others and given the best he had; whose life was an inspiration; whose memory is a benediction.

The Parts He Wanted

Young Man—"When I bought a motor-bike from any few weeks ago you said if any thing broke within six months you would supply a new part free."

Salesman—"Certainly, sir. What may I have the pleasure of providing for you?"

Young Man—"Well, I want four front teeth."

Canada's Arctic Expedition

The annual expedition by ship to Canada's Arctic islands will leave for the north on the 10th of July. The first port of call will be Godhavn, Greenland, after which the expedition will call at the different Government headquarters in the archipelago.

Victory Over Diphtheria

Dread Disease Could Be Absolutely Stamped Out Of Canada In Two Years

The lives of 1,500 Canadians—mostly children—are yearly sacrificed yearly to the dread disease diphtheria, declared Dr. Charles J. Hastings, Medical Health Officer for Toronto, in a health bulletin issued recently. "A case of diphtheria occurring in any community or municipality is a reflection on the department of health, the medical profession, and the citizens," declares Dr. Hastings. "Every death from diphtheria should be looked upon as due to culpable negligence."

By close co-operation of citizens with their family physicians and the various departments of public health, diphtheria could be absolutely stamped out of Canada within the next two years.

Immunization is the method recommended by Dr. Hastings to drive the disease from this country. The discovery of the Schick test, by which it may be finally determined who is and who is not susceptible to diphtheria attacks, was the final victory over the disease.

Before the development of the Schick test the discovery of the immunizing solution, "toxoid," put into the hands of the medical profession a weapon of certain deadliness against diphtheria. "Toxoid" is administered in three hypodermic injections of 8 drops each, at intervals of a month. This agent thus administered renders the subject immune to the disease for from 12 to 15 years and protects for life.

By the Schick test it has been determined that 10 per cent of all infants under 5 months are susceptible to diphtheria, 30 per cent between 5 and 6 months, 60 per cent from 6 months to a year, 60 per cent from one year to two years, 60 per cent from two to three years. From this age onwards the percentage decreases until at the age of 20 only 15 per cent are susceptible.

Of thousands of toxoid administrations to Toronto school children has been resulted hitherto.

According to statistics compiled by the Canadian Social Hygiene Council, 1,200 people died in Canada last year of diphtheria, while 15,000 people were infected. Under modern conditions and in the light of the latest scientific discoveries both death and sickness from diphtheria can be future be avoided.

"It is apparent," Dr. Hastings says, "that diphtheria is still one of the most deadly enemies of children, especially those under the age of 5. From 50 to 75 per cent of all diphtheria deaths occur in children less than 5 years old. This is the pre-adolescent age, before they come under the observation of departments of health in an organized way, and it is at this age that parents are most frequently deceived by the insidiousness of the disease; they frequently think the child has only an ordinary cold in the head until it has progressed too far to be cured."

Three Historical Valleys Are Situated In Southern Part Of Saskatchewan

In the southern portion of Saskatchewan there are three outstanding valleys, the Saskatchewan Valley, the Qu'Appelle Valley, and the Moose Jaw Valley. All have historic and romantic associations. The Saskatchewan Valley is associated with Le Verendrye, the Qu'Appelle Valley with the Cree and the Saulteaux Indians, and further with the black robe of Pere Hugonard. The Moose Jaw Valley is conspicuously historic because of its associations with the buffalo and the Sioux Indians.

In the early 70's because of its proximity to the American border, and because of its luxuriant growth of vegetation and many watering places, the buffalo in the Dakotas and Montana were driven by famine to make the valley an annual rendezvous. The Indian hunted the buffalo in the Moose Jaw Valley through the years, the nearest settlement being Le Car, then with his trading post near Wood Mountain. For many years the Indians used the valley as a hunting ground, later drifting to Le Car's country, as the settlers came to the prairie.

Well Miners Coming To Canada

More than 1,000 Welsh miners will soon sail from England for Ontario, under the direction of the provincial department of colonization. John S. Martin, minister of colonization, announces. "The men will be placed on farms as soon as they arrive here," he said. "We have plenty of room for them."

There is no place like the home of a young man's best girl.

Fitting Boys For Life Overseas

Bristol Migration Committee Lunched On Good Work

Mr. H. R. Prince, Arthur of Connaught, Viscount of Bristol, England, on May 9th, opened a continental hotel in which forty boys are to be in residence for training for farm work in Australia and Canada. A nine to twelve weeks' training course is projected, so that 120 to 160 boys and youths will be sent out each year.

This scheme, which will be co-operated by the Bristol Migration Committee, which has the Lord Mayor at its head, and which will be co-operation of the City Council, will be able to train the boys on the Corporation Farm of 300 acres. It has a herd of cattle ranging from 60 to 120, sheep, horses, a big herd of pigs, and about 800 poultry. The boys will be taught to adapt themselves generally to farm life.

In addition to the hotel the committee are using Cabot House—reminiscent of the famous John Cabot, who sailed from Bristol to discover North America—and youths will learn carpentering, boot repairing, and clothes making, and be generally taught to become handy men.

His Royal Highness in opening the hotel said:

"It furnishes an example of what can be done by whole-hearted co-operation between all sections of the community. I am glad to know that the hotel has been generously supported by the City Corporation and by the Government. From my personal knowledge of the Dominion, I am certain that they offer great opportunities to British boys. At the same time, it is vital that boys going to the Dominion should be tested and prepared for the new life they are to live out there. The testing and the training which will be given at this hotel will undoubtedly stand them in good stead."

"Just over 400 years ago, the citizens of Bristol equipped Sebastian Cabot to sail from this port on a voyage which is famous even in your famous annals. They did better than they knew, for, though the voyage lasted only a few months, it was the first practical step towards founding our Empire overseas. (Applause.) I believe Cabot took with him five cabin boys from this district, no doubt boys of similar ages to those I see round me now; and it is, I think, specifically hard on the Corporation and citizens of Bristol should follow up and consolidate that work, by helping their young men to maintain the British stock, and the British traditions in our great Dominion overseas. (Applause.) I know that these boys will be heartily welcomed there by their kith and kin. They are going to help in the creation of wealth from the fertile land of these new countries, and it is well that their fellow citizens should see to it that they are properly equipped. Cabot and his companions were, for the work that lies before them. I wish the boys every success. I would urge them to work hard, to play the game, never forgetting their parents, their city or their motherland." (Applause.)

Canada's Air Mail Grows

A recent statement shows that up to April 30, 1929, a total of 116,885 pounds of mail have been carried by aeroplane in Canada. In the West, over the Winnipeg-Regina, Calgary-Edmonton route some 4,820 pounds have been carried. Even the north has had its share for in the Mackenzie River district, up until March 13 of this year, 4,914 pounds were carried.

Many a preacher exhorts his congregation before he exhausts his subject.

Teacher: "What is stealing?"

Boy: "I take a thing out of your pocket and take a shilling, what do they call that?"

Boy: "A miracle"—Sendag-nissag-nissag, Bismillah.

Thomas Lipton Patronizes Stampede

CALGARY STAMPEDE



For a week in July of each year the entire populace of Calgary, casts off its conventional modern clothing and dons sheep and 10-gallon hats in honor of the Calgary Exhibition and Stampede, a relic of the Last Great West and one of the finest exhibitions of horsemanship in the world. This year's Calgary Stampede will be held July 5-13, inclusive, and Guy Weadick, its manager, well known throughout the Canadian West, has announced that it will be "bigger and better" than ever. The attendance at the Stampede has increased by leaps and bounds ever since its inception in 1912, when it was witnessed

by a few inquisitive thousands. For by 1922 it had reached the 100,000 mark; it had doubled that by 1925; and this year 220,000 people cheering and revelling in this exhibition of the prowess of the plainsman. Several world-celebrated personalities will donate prizes for the major cowboy contests in 1929, among them being the Prince of Wales, E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and Sir Thomas Lipton, British yachtman and sportsman.

The various events scheduled include bronco-busting, steer decorating (once known as bull-dogging), calf roping, wild steer riding, wild horse and chuck-wagon races, wild

cow milking contests and races in which buck Indians and squaws demonstrate that the red man has not neither speed nor stamina with the depletion of the numerical strength of his tribe. The Indians camp at Victoria Park, Calgary, and is a picturesque phase of a really remarkable exhibition. During the 1927 show a custom square, situated in house-work in her brave's temple, was informed that the squaw race in which she was to participate was the next on the program. Rushing from her tent, an apron tied round her waist, she jumped astride an Indian cayuse and won first prize in her side-saddle whipping behind her in the breeze.



Ever

ONE RIBBON

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MAKES PASTRY DELICIOUS—
Ensures Success

The Desert Song

—BY—
VIRGINIA MORRIS

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"The Desert Song" is a Warner Bros. production of color movie. It is based on the story by Eric Hatch, Laurence Stallars, George H. Brown, and Philip Marlowe.

CHAPTER II.—Continued

Old Hassi nodded. He remembered the night well, remembered the muffled figure who had stepped into their camp and shouted defiantly. "Give me twenty of your young men who are not afraid to die. And if the law is wrong, we will overturn the law!"

"I was only a boy indeed," continued the Red Shadow, "but dreamed of saving the people of Morocco from injustice. When returned to Fez, they forced me to resign from the army. I acted as if that blow had made me stupid almost half-witted. I spent all my time picking wild flowers and they searched high and low for the Red Shadow, never suspecting that he was the stupid, timid boy living right in their midst."

Then complications had arisen. General Fontaine died and the Red Shadow's own father, General Brieux, was sent out from France to command the post at Fez. He had come with one purpose uppermost in his mind—to wipe out the Red Shadow. How was his son, Pierre, to meet this situation? Could he betray the people he had learned to love? He could not. And yet it was no less difficult to keep his parent from suspecting that his boy was an enemy of the French.

"So I continued to play the fool," he went on, "and I succeeded in deceiving my father. Now because he thinks I am a weakling, he hates me. That is bad enough, but to see Margot despise me too! Why, I came to Morocco to show Margot I was a man!"

Back among the tents there came a flurry of excitement. A volley of guttural calls filled the night air, a dozen of the Red Shadow's men dragged in a prisoner caught by the sentry. He was thrown unceremoniously in front of the fire—five feet of insignificance dressed in bulging riding breeches fashioned out of enormous checks. It was hard to tell which was the most ludicrous, his outlandish clothes, his mustache on his tiny face, pale with consternation.

"Hissi dear his sword," Leil's kill him! He's a spy! I'm after blood!" The stranger's squeaky voice protested, "Well, don't look at me, I'm anemic!"

The menacing face of Hassi reformed him. "You can't kill me, I'm an American! I'm no spy, I'm only the society correspondent for the Paris Herald. I didn't even mean to come here. Early this morning I went out horseback riding with my friend, Pierre Brieux. Later he saw me the slip and I thought he had headed this way."

At this point the Red Shadow came forward. He spoke in the Riff's native tongue. What he said meant that the prisoner should be released.

CHAPTER III.

Like most who have read story books and believed in them

WHAT WILL IT DO?

Women are saying: "Pinkham's Compound keeps me fit to do my work." "I was nervous and all run down. Now I eat better and sleep better." "It helped my thirteen-year-old daughter." "I took it before and after my baby was born." "I'm gaining every day."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

W. N. U. 4758

here tonight, Paul," he told him. "It's just finishing a Mediterranean cruise. You and Margot might take the Bridal Suite and as Governor of the Post, I can marry you."

Margot interrupted. "As the bride, don't you think I deserve to be consulted?"

Paul laughed. "You could hardly be married in this riding habit, Margot!"

Margot tossed her head. "I don't suppose you thought that we two might go riding in the desert together?"

"You see, Paul," General Brieux told him good humoredly, "Margot hoped you'd pick her up on your horse and carry her across the hot desert sands."

Perhaps Paul's sense of the romantic was partially awakened. At any rate the plan for a hasty marriage appealed to him and he begged General Brieux to make out his passport. Then he turned to the girl.

"Margot, I'll be back for my answer in five minutes. If it's no, I'll make you say yes!"

"There, Margot, there's romance for you!" remarked the General.

As Paul crossed the inner court, Azuri sneaked up beside him. He turned on her with a furious contempt.

"Azuri, you can't follow me into this."

She rubbed her sensuous body against him. "Lover, come with me tonight to the hills—and tomorrow morning in your arms I will whisper to you the name of the Red Shadow!"

"I don't believe you. You don't know."

Azuri twisted her arms about his neck and placed her warm dark lips next to his. "Paul, I can give you up to this French woman!"

Fontaine wrenched himself free and taking the girl by the shoulders he threw her roughly to the ground. Her dark eyes flashed jealously as she rose slowly, and sneering.

"Avery—that name means tiger claw. When the loves she hates—free always and when she loves—she is a slave even for the young and delicate child. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Oil For the Athlete.—In rubbing down, the athlete will find Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil an excellent article. It renders the muscles and sinews pliable, takes the soreness out of them and strengthens them for strains that may be put upon them. It stands pre-eminent for this purpose, and athletes who for years have been using it can testify to its value as a lubricant.

Canada Horse Exports

Total of the horse production in Canada last year of 22,489,969 pounds valued at \$2,785,467, 1,546,017 pounds valued at \$164,200 were exported. The Netherlands was the biggest buyer, taking 517,270 pounds, and the British Isles were next with 219,818 pounds.

Keep Margot in the Medicine chest.

Would Cut Expense

A London tailor has demonstrated a reversible coat, which can be worn inside out. Two different cuts of clothes may thus be worn at once, to be changed at will without the need to look like well-tailored garments.

Radio Difficult To Transmit In Forest

Mysterious Barriers Exist Largely When Trees Are Sappy

When radio messages are received with comparative ease in the Arctic and the long and short waves of electrically energized ether are received in mines deep underground, it is startling to find that difficulty is encountered in establishing radio communication in the forest. There are mysterious barriers that exist in the forest, the transmission of radio energy being affected to an unknown extent by what is called the absorption of trees. This seems to occur in spring, summer, and fall when the trees are sappy. With all the advances made by radio, it is still necessary for the protectors of our forests to use the telegraph and telephone.

Might Try It Once

Opening a family Bible, a Minneapolis man found a 1400 seventy-five years old and still worth its face value. This encouraged him to open a lot of people will open their family Bibles at least once every seventy-five years, just on a chance.

Most people rely on Aspirin

to make short work of their headaches, but did you know it's just as effective in the worse pains from neuralgia or neuritis? Rheumatism, too. Don't neglect Aspirin can bring such complete comfort without delay, and without harm; it does not affect the heart.

In every package of Aspirin you will find proven directions with which everyone should be familiar, for they can spare much needless suffering.

ASPIRIN

Aspirin is a Trademark Registered in Canada

Danish Dairy Exhibition

National Show This Year Had Largest Display Ever Held

At the Danish national dairy exhibition held in Copenhagen recently, there were exhibits of butter from no less than 1,267 dairies, and cheese from 743 dairies.

It was the largest display of its kind ever held in Denmark, and it is doubtful whether any other country could have produced such a numerous collection of samples of butter of such uniform quality despite the fact that they were made in so many hundreds of different dairies. Besides butter and cheese the exhibition also comprised condensed milk, export cream, milk powder, ice cream, dairy preparations and dairy machinery.

The quality marks given to the butter by the adjudicators showed a high degree of uniformity. From 90 to 99 per cent. of the butter exhibits were acknowledged as being fully up to the requisite standard, and the cheese exhibits were also characterized by the experts as most satisfactory.

Visitors to the exhibition came from no less than 24 foreign countries.

MADE HER BABY PLUMP AND WELL

Nothing makes a mother more grateful than a benefit conferred upon her child. Mothers everywhere who have used Baby's Own Tablets for their children speak in enthusiastic terms of them. For instance, Mrs. Zepherin Lavale, Three Rivers, Que., writes: "My son, Owen, has a wonderful medicine for little ones. They never fail to regulate the baby's stomach and bowels and make him plump and well. I always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets, and would advise all mothers to do likewise."

Most of the ordinary ailments of childhood arise in the stomach and bowels, and can be quickly relieved by Baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets relieve constipation and indigestion, and give the child simple fever, expect worms, and teach pains and promote healthy sleep. They are guaranteed to be free from injurious drugs and are safe even for the youngest and most delicate child. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Little Helps For This Week

"Godliness with contentment is great gain."—1 Timothy vi. 8.

My crown is in my heart, not on my head.

Not decked with diamonds and Indian silks.

Not to be seen; my crown is called Contentment and peace.

A contented mind is always joyful; but joy like this is but religion. The rich and poor alike, having contentment, enjoy perpetual rest.

I am always contented with that which happens, for I think that what God chooses is better than what I choose.—Epictetus

Spare the children from suffering from coughs by using Miller's Wagon Powders, a most effective vermifuge with which to combat these insidious foes of the young and helpless. It is an excellent worm destroyer, and when its qualities become known in a household no other will be used. It is made by the very best, requiring no purgative to assist it, and so thoroughly that nothing more is desired.

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To Explore Baffin Land

Donald MacMillan To Head Expedition To Northern Lands

Donald B. MacMillan, explorer in an address has briefly outlined plans for his projected expedition into the Arctic this summer.

The schooner Bowdoin will leave from Wiscasset Harbor, June 22. The summer will be devoted to exploration of unknown spots in Labrador and Baffin Land. He expects to return in September.

The party will work among the Nascapio Indians, whose hostility to white men was overcome on a previous expedition, when they were assisted through a period of famine.

Plans include a study of the growth ice cap in Baffin Land, of which little is known, Commander MacMillan and his wife even for the youngest and most delicate child. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Strange Cargo

One of the strangest cargoes ever to be shipped on an airplane arrived at Croydon airport recently. When the large air freighter pulled up at the hangars, the load inside proved to be twelve monkeys, and a baby bear. They were shipped to a private animal dealer in London, from the East Indies, the distance from Amsterdam to Croydon being covered in the air freighter.

MUSHROOMS PAY

Large crops of \$25 weekly growing mushrooms for sale in other countries. New crop. Deliver to our nearest agent. We will buy for you. For other see, interested buyers, see our advertisement in the Dominion Mushrooms Co., Toronto.

Gyproc

Actual Thickness

Ideal—Wherever alterations are required

In many a fine, old-fashioned farm house there are rooms much larger than people today consider necessary. This available space can be partitioned off into extra rooms with very little work and at surprisingly small cost by the use of Gyproc Fireproof Wallboard.

And the Gyproc walls and ceilings of the new rooms will match the older walls—no matter how solid they are—for seasoned rigidity, good looks and permanence.

Gyproc is the perfect building material for all modern farm construction—for homes, barns, poultry houses, granaries and garages. It is pure rock—cannot warp, shrink or burn. With the use of joint filler and tape its sections meet in a tight, flush joint that insures a flat, smooth surface and takes any decoration.

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Gyproc

Fireproof Wallboard

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